

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	LUMIFLON LF800
SDS number	AGC-0519
SDS humber	
Version No.	01
Issue date	01-April-2021
CAS #	Mixture
Recommended use	Raw material for industry
<b>Recommended Restrictions</b>	Not available.
Manufacturer	
Company name	AGC Inc. Chemicals Company Coating Business Group
Address	1-5-1, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-8405, Japan
Phone number	+81-3-3218-5040
Fax	+81-3-3218-7843
Emergency telephone	Verisk 3E (Access Code 335170)
number	
	Europe: +0-800-680-0425
	Asia Pacific: +1-760-476-3960,+66-21056177, +81-368908677
	Middle East & Africa: +1-760-476-3959

US, Canada, Mexico: +1-866-519-4752 Other countries: +1-760-476-3971

#### 2. Hazards identification

GHS classification		
Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 3
	Pyrophoric liquids	Not classified
	Self-heating substances and mixtures	Not classified
	Substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases	Not classified
	Oxidising liquids	Not classified
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Not classified
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B
	Specific target organ toxicity following single exposure	Category 2 (central nervous system, kidney, liver, respiratory organ)
	Specific target organ toxicity following single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
	Specific target organ toxicity following single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity following repeated exposure	Category 2 (liver, testes, nervous system, respiratory organ)
	Aspiration hazard	Not classified
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 1
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 1
GHS label elements		
Signal word	Danger	

Signal word

Danger



Flammable liquid and vapour.

Hazard statement H226

11245	Causes skin irritation.
H315	May cause respiratory irritation.
H335	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H371	May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, kidney, liver, respiratory organ).
H373	May cause damage to organs (liver, testes, nervous system, respiratory organ) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P235	Keep cool.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Use non-sparking tools. P242 Take action to prevent static discharges. P243

- Do not breathe mist/vapours. P260
- Wash thoroughly after handling. P264
  - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P270 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P271
- Avoid release to the environment. P273
- Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection. P280

### Response

P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P308 + P311	IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor.
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
P391	Collect spillage.
Storage	
P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.

#### Disposal

P501

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

2 % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Supplemental information

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Components

CAS #	Percent
Trade Secret	60
8052-41-3	>=29
1330-20-7	<=4
100-41-4	<=2
111-84-2	2
95-63-6	1
108-67-8	1
98-82-8	0.2
Trade Secret	<=1
	Trade Secret   8052-41-3   1330-20-7   100-41-4   111-84-2   95-63-6   108-67-8   98-82-8

### 4. First aid measures

4. First aid measures				
First aid procedures				
Inhalation	Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.			
	If inhaled, remove them to fresh air immediately, keep them in rest position and warm, give rescue breathing if they go into respiratory distress or breathing has stopped.			
Skin	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Thoroughly flush with plenty of water and soap or skin cleanser.			
Eye	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.			
	Get medical attention immediately.			
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. If swallowed, keep warm and rest,seek medical attention immediately.			
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.			
Notes to physician	Not available.			
General advice	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.			
5. Fire-fighting measures				
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry sand In the case of a large-scale fire, it is effective to shut off the air using foam extinguishing agents.			
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.			
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. In the event of a fire, toxic gases such as hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride, halocarbonyl, and carbon monoxide may be generated.			
Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	When thermally decomposed by a fire, highly toxic gas such as hydrogen fluoride is generated. Wear for fire fighting.			
Protection of fire-fighters	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Fight fire from upwind area.			
General fire hazards	Flammable liquid and vapour.			
Specific methods	Remove flammable materials from the environment Use designated extinguishing media. Cool closed containers exposed to high temperatures with water.			
6. Accidental release meas	sures			
Personal precautions	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist/vapours. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.			
Environmental precautions	Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Do not discharge to rivers. Be careful not to cause environmental impact Adherents, waste, etc. are treated based on relevant laws and regulations.			
Methods for containment	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas.			

Methods for cleaning up	Ventilate the contaminated area. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. This product is miscible in water. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.	
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.	
	Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.	
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.	
7. Handling and storage		
Handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.	
	All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist/vapours. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.	
Storage	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).	

# 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	
1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	25 ppm	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 108-67-8)	TWA	25 ppm	
CUMENE (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	50 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)	TWA	200 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	

#### **Biological limit values**

#### ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*	

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Recommended monitoring procedures	Follow standard monitoring procedures.		
Engineering controls	Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Attach emergency shower and eye washing equipment to work area and clearly display its position. In case of indoor work, use auto application equipment or local ventilation equipment to prevent a worker from directly being exposed		
Personal protective equipment			
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).		
Skin protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.		
Respiratory protection	If ventilation is insufficient, suitable respiratory protection must be provided. Chemical respirator with organic vapour cartridge.		
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.		

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	Liquid.	
Colour	Transparent	
Form	Not available.	
Odour	Not available.	
Odour threshold	Not available.	
рН	Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.	
Boiling point	Not available.	
Flash point	53.0 °C (127.4 °F)	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.	
Flammability limits in air, lower, % by volume	Not available.	
Flammability limits in air, upper, % by volume	Not available.	
Vapour pressure	0.8 kPa (37.8℃) (Mineral spirits)	
Vapour density	Not available.	
Relative density	Not available.	
Solubility(ies)		
Solubility (water)	Hardly soluble < 1.1 % (Fluoro resin)	
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
Viscosity	Not available.	
Density	1.05 g/cm3 (20°⊂)	
Other data		
Flammability	Combustible liquid.	
10. Stability and reactivity		
Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.	
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	May ignite or explode on contact with chlorates and nitrates.	
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.	

# 11. Toxicological information

Toxicological data			
Components	Species	Test Results	
1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene (CAS 95	-63-6)		
Acute			
Inhalation			
LC50	Rat	18 mg/l, 4 hours	
Oral	Det		
LD50	Rat	5000 mg/kg	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) <u>Acute</u>			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	
Inhalation			
LC50	Rat	4000 ppm, 4 hr	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)			
Acute			
Dermal		4050 #	
LD50	Rabbit	> 4350 mg/kg	
Inhalation	Det		
LC50	Rat	29.08 mg/l, 4 Hours	
<b>Oral</b> LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg	
Routes of exposure	Inhalation. Skin contact. Eye of		
Toxicological information	Occupational exposure to the	substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.	
Acute toxicity	Dualance of align contract many a		
	Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.		
Irritation Corrosion - SI Stoddard solvent		in Category 2, Dermal irritation	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may	cause temporary irritation.	
Irritation Corrosion - Ey	/e		
Xylene		Category2	
Ethylbenzene Bespiratory consister	Due to partial or complete lac	Category2A k of data the classification is not possible.	
Respiratory sensitiser Skin sensitisation	This product is not expected t	-	
Mutagenicity	This product is not expected t		
Germ cell mutagenicity	· Ames test		
Fluoro resin		OECD 471	
		Result: Negative	
Ethylbenzene Xylene		Result: Negative Result: Negative	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Chromosome Aberration	-	
Ethylbenzene Xylene		Result: Negative Result: Negative	
	: In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gen		
Ethylbenzene		Result: There are both negative and positive reports.	
Xylene Germ Cell Mutagenicity	. Micronucleus	Result: There are both negative and positive reports.	
1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene		Result: Negative	
Ethylbenzene		Result: Negative	
Xylene Carainaganiaity	Supported of equains opport	Result: Negative	
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.		

Carcinogenicity Ethylbenzene		Category2	
ACGIH Carcinogens		Galegoryz	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)		A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
CUMENE (CAS 98-82-8) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Reproductive toxicity			
<b>Reproductivity</b> Ethylbenzene Xylene		Category1B Category1B	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure			
Xylene		Cat.1(Central nervous system,Respiratory,Liver,Kidney), Cat.3( Narcrotic	
1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene Ethylbenzene Stoddard solvent		Cat.3 (Respiratory irritation, Narcotic effect) Cat.3 (Respiratory irritation, Narcotic effect) Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation and narcotic	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure			
Xylene Stoddard solvent 1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene Ethylbenzene		Cat.1(Nervous system,Respiratory organs) Category 2, Liver,testes Category2(Central nervous system,lung) Category2(Hearing organs)	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.		
Stoddard solvent 1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene Xylene		Category 1, May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Category1 Category1	
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.		
Teratogenicity	Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in laboratory animals.		
Symptoms		ziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioural unctions. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause laundice.	

# 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicological data Components		Species	Test Results
1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene (C	CAS 95-63-6)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	6.14 mg/l, 48 hours
Acute			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (C	AS 108-67-8)		
Aquatic			
Acute			
Fish	LC50	Goldfish (Carassius auratus)	9.89 - 15.05 mg/l, 96 hours
CUMENE (CAS 98-82-8)			
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Brine shrimp (Artemia sp.)	3.55 - 11.29 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.7 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41	1-4)		
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours

		Species	Test Results	
Fish	LC50	Atlantic silverside (Menidia menidia)	4.4 - 5.7 mg/l, 96 hours	
light stabilizer				
Aquatic				
Acute				
Algae	EC50	Algae	1.68 mg/l, 72 h	
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	20 mg/l, 24 h	
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	0.97 mg/l, 96 h	
		Fish	0.9 mg/l, 96 h	
		Oncorhynchus mykiss	7.9 mg/l, 96 h	
Chronic				
Crustacea		Daphnia magna	1 mg/l, 21 days	
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3	3)			
Aquatic				
Crustacea	EC50	Crustacea	0.42 mg/l, 48 hours	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)				
Aquatic				
Acute				
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	3.3 mg/l, 96 hours	
Ecotoxicity	Very toxic to aquatic life. In case of leakage, disposal etc., there is a risk of influencing the environment, so handle with care. Especially when products and washing water.Take measures not to flow directly to the ground, river or drainage.			
Environmental effects	Very toxic	to aquatic life with long lasting effects. An er of unprofessional handling or disposal.	nvironmental hazard cannot be excluded in	
Persistence and degradability		available on the degradability of any ingredi	ients in the mixture.	
Bioaccumulation				
Bioaccumulative potential Octanol/water partition 1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene CUMENE Ethylbenzene		3.78 3.42 3.66 3.15		
Octanol/water partition 1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene CUMENE Ethylbenzene Nonane		3.78 3.42 3.66 3.15 5.65		
Octanol/water partition 1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene CUMENE Ethylbenzene Nonane Aquatic toxicity	Very toxic	3.78 3.42 3.66 3.15 5.65 to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term	adverse effects in the aquatic environment	
Octanol/water partition 1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene CUMENE Ethylbenzene Nonane Aquatic toxicity Mobility	Very toxic No data av	3.78 3.42 3.66 3.15 5.65 to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term vailable for this product.		
Octanol/water partition 1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene CUMENE Ethylbenzene Nonane Aquatic toxicity Mobility	Very toxic No data av No other a	3.78 3.42 3.66 3.15 5.65 to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term	pletion, photochemical ozone creation	
Octanol/water partition 1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene CUMENE Ethylbenzene Nonane Aquatic toxicity Mobility Other adverse effects	Very toxic No data av No other a potential, e	3.78 3.42 3.66 3.15 5.65 to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term vailable for this product. dverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone de	pletion, photochemical ozone creation	
Octanol/water partition 1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene CUMENE Ethylbenzene Nonane Aquatic toxicity Mobility Other adverse effects 13. Disposal consideratio	Very toxic No data av No other a potential, e	3.78 3.42 3.66 3.15 5.65 to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term vailable for this product. dverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone de	pletion, photochemical ozone creation al) are expected from this component.	
Octanol/water partition 1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene CUMENE Ethylbenzene Nonane Aquatic toxicity Mobility Other adverse effects 13. Disposal consideratio	Very toxic No data av No other a potential, e <b>ons</b> Collect and Do not allo	3.78 3.42 3.66 3.15 5.65 to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term vailable for this product. dverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone de endocrine disruption, global warming potentia	pletion, photochemical ozone creation al) are expected from this component. licensed waste disposal site. upplies.	
Octanol/water partition 1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene CUMENE Ethylbenzene	Very toxic No data av No other a potential, e <b>ons</b> Collect and Do not allo Do not cor	3.78 3.42 3.66 3.15 5.65 to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term vailable for this product. dverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone de endocrine disruption, global warming potentia d reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at l bw this material to drain into sewers/water su	pletion, photochemical ozone creation al) are expected from this component. licensed waste disposal site. upplies. chemical or used container.	
Octanol/water partition 1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene CUMENE Ethylbenzene Nonane Aquatic toxicity Mobility Other adverse effects 13. Disposal consideratio	Very toxic No data av No other a potential, e <b>ons</b> Collect and Do not allo Do not cor Dispose of Waste gen according Since was in an incine	3.78 3.42 3.66 3.15 5.65 to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term vailable for this product. dverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone de endocrine disruption, global warming potentia d reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at l bw this material to drain into sewers/water su ntaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with o	pletion, photochemical ozone creation al) are expected from this component. licensed waste disposal site. pplies. chemical or used container. /regional/national/international regulations. n, etc. shall be processed or consigned g Act. and the related laws. en fluoride when incinerated, it is incinerated id. the incinerated residue is land filled in	
Octanol/water partition 1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene CUMENE Ethylbenzene Nonane Aquatic toxicity Mobility Other adverse effects 13. Disposal consideratio Disposal methods Waste from residues / unused	Very toxic No data av No other a potential, e <b>ons</b> Collect and Do not allo Do not cor Dispose of Waste gen according Since was in an incim legally righ Dispose of Empty con be dispose The remain	3.78 3.42 3.66 3.15 5.65 to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term for valiable for this product. dverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone de endocrine disruption, global warming potential directaim or dispose in sealed containers at low this material to drain into sewers/water substantiate ponds, waterways or ditches with or for contents/container in accordance with local merated by wastewater treatment, incineration to Waste Management and Public Cleansing te generates hydrogen chloride and hydroge erator equipped with neutralization facility and the place. Do not incinerate in the case of exception of the product research of the product research of the products (residual waste) should be disconting products (res	pletion, photochemical ozone creation al) are expected from this component. licensed waste disposal site. upplies. chemical or used container. /regional/national/international regulations. n, etc. shall be processed or consigned g Act. and the related laws. in fluoride when incinerated, it is incinerated d. the incinerated residue is land filled in eeding fluorine emission standards. sidues. This material and its container mus tions). carded according to the law concerning	
Octanol/water partition 1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene CUMENE Ethylbenzene Nonane Aquatic toxicity Mobility Other adverse effects 13. Disposal consideratio	Very toxic No data av No other a potential, e <b>ons</b> Collect and Do not allo Do not allo Do not cor Dispose of Waste gen according Since was in an incine legally righ Dispose of Empty con be dispose The remain waste disp	3.78 3.42 3.66 3.15 5.65 to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term vailable for this product. dverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone de endocrine disruption, global warming potential d reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at l w this material to drain into sewers/water su ntaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with of f contents/container in accordance with local. merated by wastewater treatment, incineration to Waste Management and Public Cleansing te generates hydrogen chloride and hydroge erator equipped with neutralization facility and at place. Do not incinerate in the case of excert f in accordance with local regulations. Itainers or liners may retain some product re- ed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instruct	pletion, photochemical ozone creation al) are expected from this component. licensed waste disposal site. pplies. chemical or used container. /regional/national/international regulations. n, etc. shall be processed or consigned g Act. and the related laws. in fluoride when incinerated, it is incinerated red. the incinerated residue is land filled in eeding fluorine emission standards. sidues. This material and its container must tions). carded according to the law concerning cipal regulations.	

# 14. Transport information

### ADR

ADR	
UN number	1866
UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
	30
Hazard No. (ADR)	
Tunnel restriction code	
Packing group	
Environmental hazards	No.
Special precautions for use	r Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
RID	
UN number	1866
UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	
Environmental hazards	No.
	r Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	1866
UN proper shipping name	Resin solution flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo	Allowed with restrictions.
aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.
IMDG	Allowed with restrictions.
	1000
UN number	1866
UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION flammable, MARINE POLLUTANT (1,3,5-trimethylbenzene)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
EmS	F-E, <u>S-E</u>
-	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	
Transport in bulk according to	Not established.
IMO instruments	
ADR; IATA; IMDG; RID	





#### Marine pollutant



**General information** 

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

In case of falling under the Fire Service Law, Occupational Safety and Health Law, Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law, follow the transportation method prescribed by each applicable law.

Follow the aviation laws. To comply with the provisions of the ship safety law.

### 15. Regulatory information

Ensure this materials in compliance with federal requirements and ensure conformity to local **Regulatory information** regulation. International Inventories Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)\* Japan Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) Yes Korea Yes

Existing Chemicals List (ECL) Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)

Taiwan

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

### 16. Other information

Disclaimer

AGC Inc. Chemicals Company Coating Business Group

SDS is a document for business operators. Not all materials and literature have been investigated, so there may be information leaks. In addition, the content will change due to the announcement of new knowledge and correction of the existing theory. When used for important decisions, it is recommended to examine the sources carefully and to confirm by examination. No guarantee is made for the data or evaluation described. In addition, the items described are intended for normal handling. Therefore, when handling specially, be sure to implement safety measures suitable for new applications and usages before handling. Attach this SDS when transferring this product. This product is an industrial product, it is not the thing which developed / manufactured assuming the medical use.

Yes